and behavioral aspects of all agents in trafficking. The DWCD has also commissioned a Survey to go into the magnitude of the problem, an estimate of the numbers involved and trafficking routes. Asian Development Bank has also completed a project in consultation with GOI, Bangladesh, Nepal on Cross Border Trafficking.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) Same as in part (c).

Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

†*4. SHRI KRIPAL PARMAR: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the funds provided under 'Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan' to various States, particularly to Himachal Pradesh during the last two years; and

(b) the details of Government's plan to achieve the target of this scheme and the progress made so far in various States, particularly in Himachal Pradesh?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) Government released funds amounting to Rs. 1558.28 crores and Rs. 2698.38 crores to the States and UTs for implementation of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan programme during the year 2002-2003 and 2003-2004 respectively. Funds provided under the programme to the State of Himachal Pradesh amounted to Rs. 17.17 crores and Rs. 54.62 crores in 2002-2003 and 2003-2004 respectively. A statement showing State-wise releases of funds under the programme during the period of 2002-2003 and 2003-2004 is enclosed. (*See* below)

(b) The Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan programme was launched in 2001-2002 in partnership with the States to achieve universalization of elementary education with the following goals:

* All Children in School, Education Guarantee Centre, Alternate School, 'Back-to-School' camp by 2003;

* All children complete five years of primary schooling by 2007;

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

* All children complete eight years of elementary schooling by 2010;

* Focus on elementary education of satisfactory quality with emphasis on education for life;

* Bridge all gender and social category gaps at primary stage by 2007 and at elementary education level by 2010;

* Universal retention by 2010.

Under the programme respective States and UTs prepare district elementary education plans reflecting local needs, which are implemented after an appraisal and approval by the Government of India. 592 district elementary education plans were approved by Government of India in 2002-2003 including all the 12 districts of Himachal Pradesh and for 596 districts in 2003-2004 including the 12 districts of Himachal Pradesh.

The utilization of funds by the States and UTs under the programme, amounted to Rs. 1305.65 crores in 2002-2003 including an expenditure of Rs. 19.11 crores by the State of Himachal Pradesh. Similarly, in the year 2003-2004, Rs. 3604.25 crores were utilized which includes an expenditure of Rs. 66.61 crores by the State of Himachal Pradesh.

In the year 2001-2002, out of 19.2 crore children in the 6-14 age group, 15.7 crore children were enrolled in schools. At the end of year 2002-2003, the number of out of school children declined to 2.3 crore. In the State of Himachal Pradesh the child population in the age group of 6-14 years was 12.31 lakh in the year 2001-2002, of which 11.2 lakh children were enrolled. At the end of year 2002-2003, the out of school children in Himachal Pradesh had declined to 7498.

Statement

Grants released to the States and UTs under Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan during 2002-03 & 2003-04

S.No	Name of State/UT	2002-03	2003-04
1	Andhra Pradesh	8226.100	9884.41
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1412	675.35
3	Assam	10175.92	12190.43
4	Bihar	7914.97	19515.75

S.No	Name of State/UT	2002-03	2003-04
5	Chhattisgarh	3639.73	6589.02
6	Goa	0	0
7	Gujarat	14004.3	11660.13
8	Himachal Pradesh	1717.62376	5462.17
9	Haryana	2735.87	6895.55
10	Jharkhand	3244.32	11474.31
11	Jammu & Kashmir	1948.85	5226.62
12	Karnataka	8270.46	10426.67
13	Kerala	2250.78	4966
14	Madhya Pradesh	11017.1	35237.91
15	Maharashtra	11000	20526.67
16	Manipur	0	500
17	Meghalaya	711.37	825.77
18	Mizoram	903.2863	1182.37
19	Nagaland	937.28	0
20	Orissa	2214.15	13453.27
21	Punjab	4868	6492.49
22	Rajasthan	9995.58	15627
23	Sikkim	425.14	269.73
24	Tamil Nadu	13526.9	10505.84
25	Tripura	1162.18275	2752.39
26	Uttaranchal	2068.69	3522.02
27	Uttar Pradesh	20245.4	34043.3
28	West Bengal	10867.60875	16748.23
29	A & N Island	0	283.96
30	Chandigarh	0	224.54
31	D & N Haveli	0	447.42

S.No	Name of State/UT	2002-03	2003-04
32	Daman & Diu	12	0
33	Delhi	161.27	1959.62
34	Lakshadweep	19.98	28.31
35	Pondicherry	116.46	141.06
	TOTAL	155828.322	269838.31

Conditional access system

*5. DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY:
PROF. ALKA BALRAM KSHATRIYA:

Will the Minister INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India in its consultation paper on broadcasting raised issues like making CAS voluntary and subejcting pay channels and advertisements to price regulation besides a host of quality-related matters;

(b) if so, to what extent the Telecom Regulatory Authority has sought views in regard to CAS being made voluntary;

(c) whether any concrete steps and measures have been taken for making CAS voluntary; and

(d) by when, a final decision is likely to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI S. JAIPAL REDDY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) the Authority has sought views on the following issues in regard to CAS to be introduced voluntarily:

(i) Should CAS be introduced to view pay channels? If yes, should it be mandated by law or voluntarily intorduced by Service Providers?

(ii) If CAS is tobe introduced voluntarily, how should it be done and who would take initiative to introduce it?